The Iran Iraq War

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The Iran – Iraq War was originally referred to as the Persian Gulf War until the Persian Gulf War of 1990 and 1991, after which it was known as the First Persian Gulf War. The Iraq – Kuwait conflict, which was known as the Second Persian Gulf War, eventually became known simply as the Persian Gulf War.

Iran - Iraq War - Wikipedia

Iran-Iraq War, (1980 – 88), prolonged military conflict between Iran and Iraq during the 1980s. Open warfare began on September 22, 1980, when Iraqi armed forces invaded western Iran along the countries 'joint border, though Iraq claimed that the war had begun earlier that month, on September 4, when Iran shelled a number of border posts.

Iran-Iraq War | Causes, Summary, Casualties, & Facts ...

During the eight years between Iraq's formal declaration of war on September 22, 1980, and Iran's acceptance of a cease-fire

with effect on July 20, 1988, at the very least half a million and...

Iran-Iraq War - HISTORY

The Iran-Iraq War Relations with Iran had grown increasingly strained after the shah was overthrown in 1979. Iraq recognized Iran 's new Shi i Islamic government, but the Iranian leaders would have nothing to do with the Ba ath regime, which they denounced as secular.

Iraq - The Iran-Iraq War | Britannica

The Iran-Iraq War lasted from 1980 to 1988 and cost hundreds of thousands of lives. The conflict ended in a stalemate between the two nations, but highlighted the volatile nature of politics in the...

The Iran-Iraq War: Causes & Timeline - Video & Lesson ...

Iran-Iraq War / The Imposed War (1980-1988) The Iran-Iraq War permanently altered the course of Iraqi history. It strained Iraqi political and social life, and led to severe economic dislocations.

Iran-Iraq War (1980-1988) - GlobalSecurity.org

Military operations of the Iran – Iraq War are events that stretched over the period of Iran – Iraq War from 22 September 1980 to end of the war. Most of operations occurred in Kermanshah, Ilam, and Khuzestan.

Military operations of the Iran - Iraq War - Wikipedia

The war began offically by an Iraqi invasion of Iran in the pretext of ending the long term border dispute between the two countries over the Shatt al-Arab, (, "Stream of the Arabs") or as it is called in persian, the Arvand Rud (, "Swift River").

Causes - The Iran-Iraq War

The Iraq war has been a prominent, even decisive issue, in some recent US presidential elections. It played a significant role in the surprise presidential primary victory won by a freshman senator...

Joe Biden championed the Iraq war. Will that come back to ...

During the Iran-Iraq war (The Sacred Defense) Iran sent 'child soldiers' onto the battlefield in order to break through Iraq's lines...? was Ayatollah Khamenei's "sacrifice" of these children in the name of saving Iran justified? Many children from the "Basiji youth shahadat" or 'martyrs' were sent on front lines to disarm bombs and sometimes storm the battlefield with landmines in order to ...

During the Iran-Iraq war (The Sacred Defense) Iran sent ...

The list includes victories by Islamic Republic of Iran Air Force during the Iran – Iraq War. List of confirmed victories. Date Unit Aircraft Pilot Weapon Victim Ref 7 September 1980: 81 TFS/TFB 8 F-14 Tomcat Unknown: 20 mm Mi-25, 4 ATTSOS 10 September 1980: TFB 8 F-14 Tomcat Unknown AIM-9P MiG-21R 13 September 1980 ...

List of Iranian aerial victories during the Iran - Iraq war ...

Iran 's Revolutionary Ideology Marches On In the intellectual framing of the Iran-Iraq War, the nascent Islamic Republic, led by its founding father, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, believed it was...

The Iran-Iraq War: It Still Haunts the Middle East To This ...

Forty years ago began one of the most devastating episodes in modern Middle East history: the Iran-Iraq war. The brutal conflict was initiated by Iraq's dictator Saddam Hussein, who was supported...

Four decades later, veterans of the Iran-Iraq war still ...

The attack, on 22 September 1980, sparked the Iran-Iraq War, which did not end for eight years. Saddam had promised a whirlwind victory, but he had reckoned without the intense religious devotion...

The 'beauty' and the horror of the Iran-Iraq war - BBC News

This is the definitive book on the Iran-Iraq war and well worth owning for anyone with an interest in the topic. It's definitely better than Murray/Woods book because it relies on a much wider series of sources and shows a much better understanding of the war and the political battles within.

The Iran-Iraq War: Amazon.co.uk: Pierre Razoux, Nicholas ...

On September 22, 1980, Iraqi dictator Saddam Hussein sent troops into neighboring Iran, starting an eight-year-long deadly war that killed thousands of people. The conflict started with a...

An enduring conflict — 40 years since the Iran-Iraq War ...

The Gulf War ends, leaving Iraq subject to United Nations sanctions and arms inspections to look for weapons of mass destruction (biological, chemical and nuclear). Disputes over inspectors' access...

Timeline: Iraq War - BBC News

We watched Grange Hill, read Enid Blyton, and watched our parents 'ashen faces when they couldn't get hold of family in Tehran after an air raid during the Iran-Iraq War. Adopting and being adopted...

From 1980 to 1988 Iran and Iraq fought the longest conventional war of the century. It included tragic slaughter of child soldiers, use of chemical weapons, striking of civilian shipping, and destruction of cities. Pierre Razoux offers an unflinching look at a conflict seared into the region 's collective memory but little understood in the West.

The Iran-Iraq War is one of the largest, yet least documented conflicts in the history of the Middle East. Drawing from an extensive cache of captured Iraqi government records, this book is the first comprehensive military and strategic account of the war through the lens of the Iraqi regime and its senior military commanders. It explores the rationale and decision-making processes that drove the Iraqis as they grappled with challenges that, at times, threatened their existence. Beginning with the bizarre lack of planning by the Iraqis in their invasion of Iran, the authors reveal Saddam's desperate attempts to improve the competence of an officer corps that he had purged to safeguard its loyalty to his tyranny, and then to weather the storm of suicidal attacks by Iranian religious revolutionaries. This is a unique and important contribution to our understanding of the history of war and the contemporary Middle East.

This volume offers a wide-ranging examination of the Iran-Iraq War (1980-88), featuring fresh regional and international perspectives derived from recently available new archival material. Three decades ago Iran and Iraq became embroiled in a devastating eight-year war which served to re-define the international relations of the Gulf region. The Iran-Iraq War stands as an anomaly in the Cold War era; it was the only significant conflict in which the interests of the United States and Soviet Union unwittingly aligned, with both superpowers ultimately supporting the Iraqi regime. The Iran-Iraq War re-assesses not only the superpower role in the conflict but also the war 's regional and wider international dimensions by bringing to the fore fresh evidence and new perspectives from a variety of sources. It focuses on a number of themes including the economic dimensions of the war and the roles played by a variety of powers, including the Gulf States, Turkey, France, the Soviet Union and the United States. The contributions to the volume serve to underline that the Iran-Iraq war was a defining conflict, shaping the perspectives of the key protagonists for a generation to come. This book will be of much interest to students of international and Cold War history, Middle Eastern politics, foreign policy, and International Relations in general.

Describes the events preceding and during the Iran-Iraq War, detailing the battles, political negotiations, and consequences of the war.

The final index entry of "zero-sum game" aptly encapsulates much about the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq War (or Gulf War I as the author terms it) and its spinoff of the 1991 Gulf War II, particularly from the perspective of the US. Torock (whose background is unspecified except for the Melbourne signoff on the preface) views Saddam Hussein as a Frankenstein monster created by, and later turning against, the superpowers in a familiar pattern of their contest of political intervention in the Third World. Includes 16 pages of references. Annotation copyrighted by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR

The Iran-Iraq War, which ended in August 1988, one month short of its eighth anniversary, was one of the longest, bloodiest and costliest Third World armed conflicts in the twentieth century. Professor Karsh addresses the causes of the Iran-Iraq War, unpacking the objectives of the two belligerents and examining how far objectives were matched by strategy. He assesses the war's military lessons regarding such key areas as strategy, tactics and escalation and in particular the use of non-conventional weapons, Finally, he examines the utility of armed force as an instrument of foreign policy.

The Iran-Iraq War (1980 – 1988) is a cornerstone of the Islamic Republic of Iran's existence. It entrenched the newly established regime and provided the means for its consolidation of power in the country following the 1979 Revolution. Officially recognized as the "War of Sacred Defense", the Iranian government has been careful to control public discourse and cultural representation concerning the war since the since wartime. Nearly 30 years since the war's end, however, debates around the war and its aftermath are still very much alive in Iran today. This volume uncovers what some of those debates mean, nearly 30 years since the war's end. The chapters in this volume take a fresh look at the far-reaching legacies of the Iran-Iraq War in Iran today – a war that dominated the first decade of the Islamic Republic's existence. The chapters examine the political, social and cultural ramifications of the war and the wide range of debates that surround it. The chapters in this book were originally published in Middle East Critique.

The Iran-Iraq War was personified by the determination and ambition of the key leaders, Saddam Hussein and Ayatollah Khomeini, and characterised by mass casualties, the repression of the civilian populations and chemical warfare. Fought with lucrative oil money, it left the belligerents with crippling debts. In this important reappraisal, Rob Johnson explores the major issues surrounding the war, offers a fresh analysis of the military aspects and assesses the far-reaching consequences for the wider world. It is essential reading for anyone who wishes to understand the ensuing conflicts in the region, including the invasion of Iraq in 2003.

Examines the history behind the longest war of the twentieth century, which raged between Iran and Iraq in the 1980s, and looks at its ongoing ramifications.

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